

Subsurface Energy in Pennsylvania: Looking Forward, Looking Back

Bureau of Oil and Gas Planning and Program Management
10/21/2025

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Summary Outline

- Carbon Capture and Underground Storage
 - Regulatory Update
- Geothermal Energy
 - Geothermal Potential
 - Current Regulations
 - Future Projects
- Legacy Well Plugging





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UIC Well Classifications

- Class I – Industrial and Municipal Waste Disposal Wells
- Class II – Injection Wells Related to Oil and Gas Production
- Class III – Injection Wells for Solution Mining
- Class IV – Shallow Hazardous and Radioactive Injection Well (Banned, except for pump-and-treat systems)
- Class V – Wells for Injection of Non-Hazardous Fluids into or Above Underground Sources of Drinking Water
- Class VI – Injection Wells for CO2 Sequestration



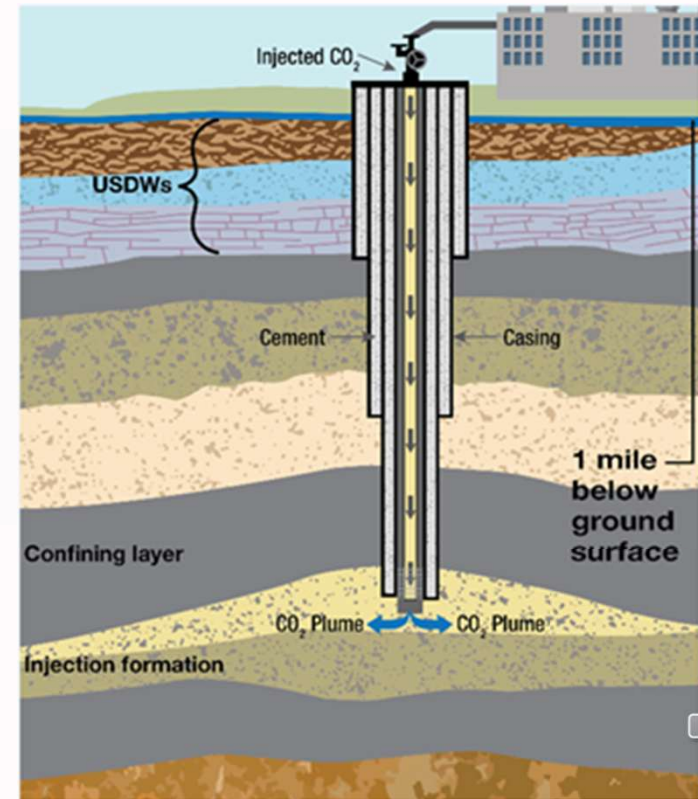


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Class VI UIC Wells

- Used to inject Carbon Dioxide into deep rock formations
- Multiple protective layers of corrosion-resistant casing and cement
- Routine testing before, during, and after operational life

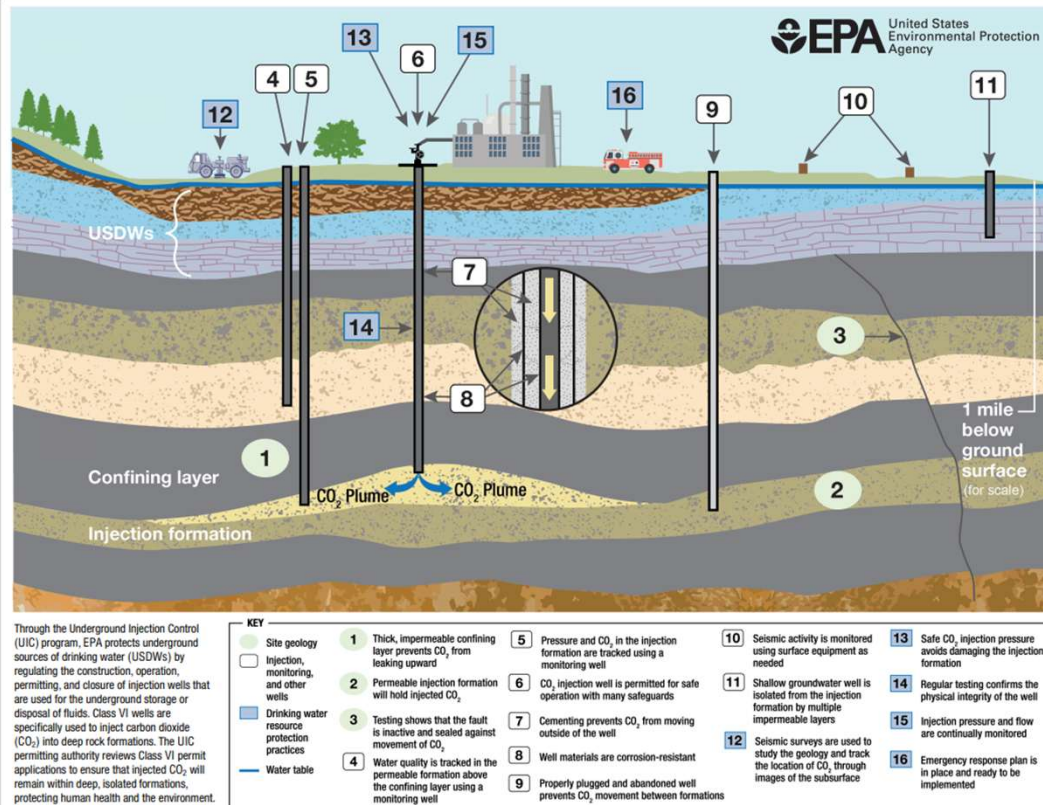
Image from [Class VI](https://www.epa.gov/uic/class-vi-wells-used-geologic-sequestration-carbon-dioxide) <https://www.epa.gov/uic/class-vi-wells-used-geologic-sequestration-carbon-dioxide> for Geologic Sequestration of Carbon Dioxide | US EPA





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Class VI UIC Wells



- Wells penetrating storage formation must be plugged
- Safe injection pressures established by testing prior to starting injection
- Deep monitoring wells and seismic surveys used to track plume
- Monitoring of USDWs for stray carbon dioxide



Image from EPA Fact Sheet: “How EPA’s UIC Class VI Regulations Work to Ensure the Protection of Groundwater Resources”

UIC Well Permitting

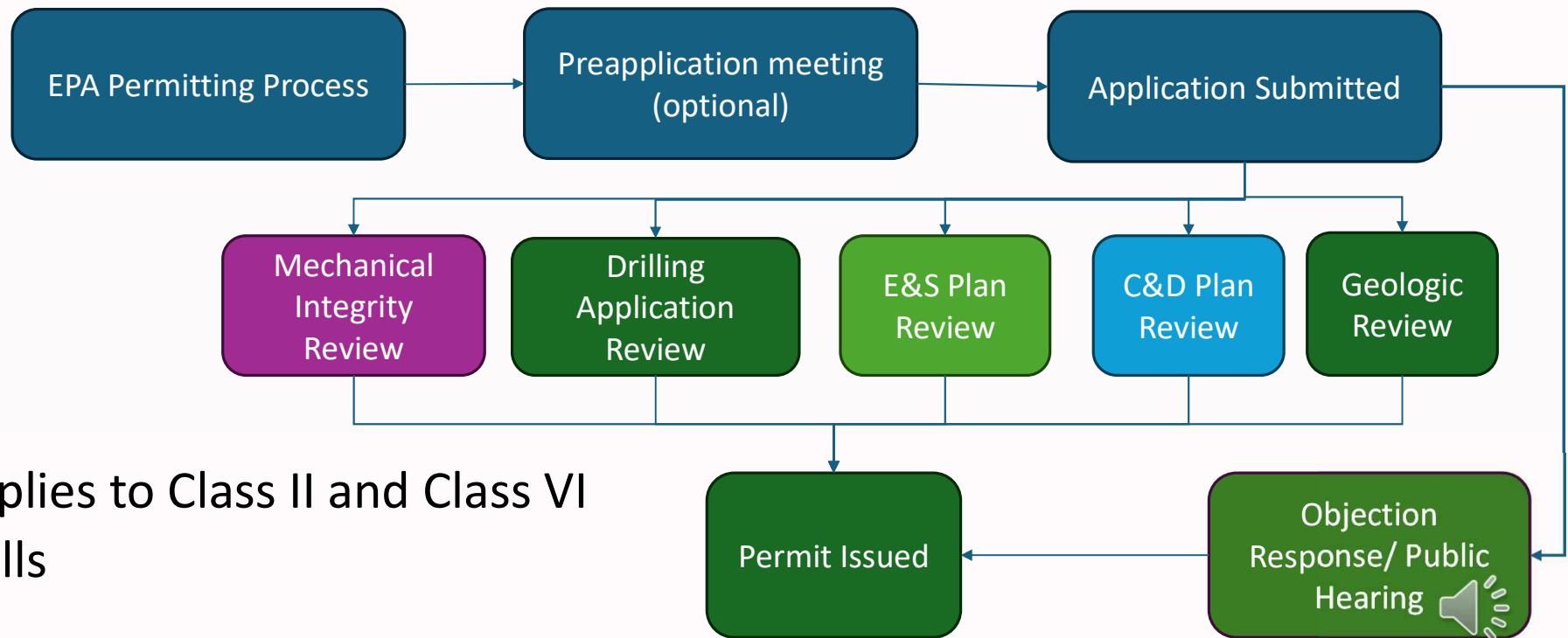
EPA implements the UIC program for Pennsylvania

- Permitting
 - Well Monitoring and Reporting
 - Abandonment
 - Inspections
- Federal regulations for the UIC program are found in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations
 - More EPA information can be found at <https://www.epa.gov/uic/>





Current Permitting Process



- Applies to Class II and Class VI wells

A Pennsylvania disposal well permit is required per 25 Pa. Code §78.18.

Permit application is reviewed by:

- Licensed Professional Geologist
- Oil & Gas Inspector
- Water Quality Specialist
- Environmental Protection Specialist

8000-PM-OOGM0001a Rev. 5/2012
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS MANAGEMENT

PERMIT APPLICATION TO DRILL AND OPERATE A CONVENTIONAL WELL

Notes		DEP USE ONLY		
		OGO #	Objection Date - Do not issue before:	
		Client Id	Date Approved:	
		Bond #	API #37: _____ and _____	
		C: _____ G: _____ INV: _____	Special Cond. _____	
APS #	Auth Id	Site Id	PF Id	SF Id
Watershed Name: _____ Designation: ☐ HQ ☐ EV				

Please read instructions before you begin filling in this form.

WELL INFORMATION					
Well Operator	DEP ID#	Well API #	Well Farm Name	Well #	
		37- - -			
Address		LAT ° ' "	NAD 83	Project Number	Serial #
		LONG - ° ' "			
City	State	Zip	Municipality Name/ City, Borough, Township		County
Phone		Fax	Email	USGS 7.5 min. quadrangle map	Section
☐ Check if this is a new address		24/7 Emergency Phone contact number		911 address of well site (if available)	
Freshwater Impoundment Name/ Identification	Centralized Impoundment Name/ Identification	Well Pad Name/Identification		Borrow Area Name/Identification	
Surface Elev	Deepest Formation to be penetrated:	Anticipated TVD	PERMIT TYPE		
Target Formation(s) proposed for production		Anticipated Target Top/Bottom TVD	Check applicable. Application is to: ☐ Drill a new ☐ Re-permit expired permit ☐ Deepen well ☐ Redrill wellbore ☐ Alter well ☐ Other (specify)		
Number of wellbore laterals proposed under this application			TYPE OF WELL		
Total feet of wellbore to be drilled under this application Ft.			Check applicable. ☐ Gas ☐ Oil ☐ Comb. (gas & oil/condensate) ☐ Injection, recovery ☒ Injection, disposal ☐ Coalbed Methane ☐ Gas Storage ☐ Other (specify)		
If applying for a permit to rework an existing well not registered or permitted, check this box ☐ and enter date drilled, if known: _____ (see instructions)			APPLICATION FEE		
PNDI Attached: ☐ Any threatened or endangered "hit" must include a copy of the clearance letter from the applicable agency(ies).			Check applicable. ☐ Conventional ☐ \$200 (Home Use Well) Total Application Fee \$ _____		
Application submitted as: Coal well: ☐ Attach Coal Module CBM well ☐ Attach Coal Module Non coal well ☐ Attach justification.			Bond Agreement Id _____		
			Configuration ☐ Vertical ☐ Horizontal ☐ Deviated ☐ Multiple laterals		



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Items Submitted to DEP for Review:

- Permit Application to Drill and Operate a Conventional Well - PA Code Chapter 78.15 (Application requirements)
- EPA Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit and required related documentation - PA Code Chapter 78.18 (Disposal and enhanced recovery well permits)
- Geologic Analysis - PA Code Chapter 91.51 (General Provisions Underground Disposal)
- Casing and Cementing Plan - (PA Code Chapter 78.83 Casing and cementing plan)

Items Submitted to DEP for Review:

- Identification and assessment of the effects on deep mines, gas storage fields, other wells penetrating the injection formation, water supplies, water bodies, streams, rivers and wetlands - PA Code Chapter 91.51 (General Provisions Underground Disposal)
- Control and Disposal Plan - PA Code Chapter 78.18 (Disposal and enhanced recovery well permits)
- E&S Plan - PA Code Chapter 78.18 (Disposal and enhanced recovery well permits) 

Act 87: Carbon Capture and Sequestration Act

“An Act providing for the injection of carbon dioxide into an underground reservoir for the purpose of carbon sequestration, for the ownership of pore space in strata below surface lands and waters of the Commonwealth, for conveyance of the surface ownership of real property; imposing duties on the Department of Environmental Protection and the Environmental Hearing Board; and establishing the Carbon Dioxide Storage Facility Fund.”

- Introduced as SB 831 by Senator Gene Yaw in June 2023
- Signed on July 17, 2024



Next Steps

Developing Regulations

- Currently working to develop regulatory framework

UIC Class VI Primacy Grant (Bipartisan Infrastructure Law)

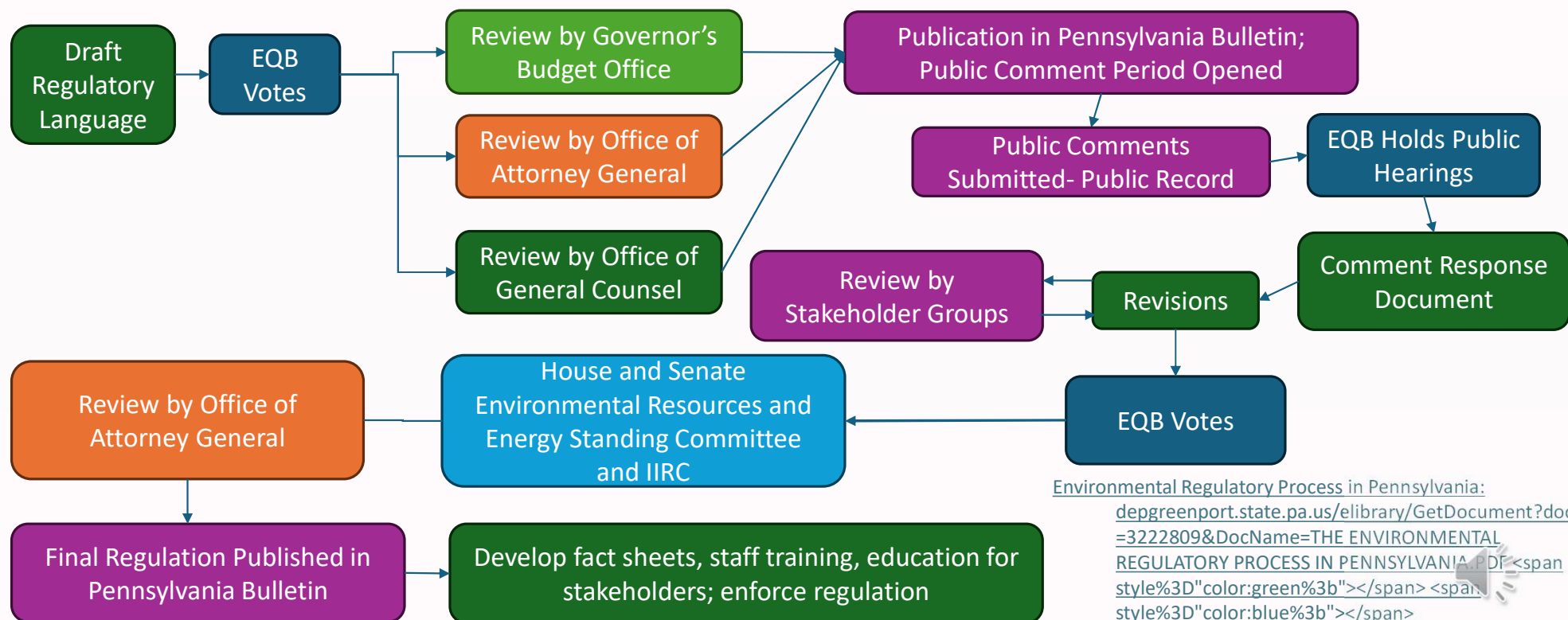
- \$1.9 M
- Funding source for Class VI Program Development
- Submitted and Under Review

Program Structure and Development

- Identify inter-state opportunities
- Develop regional agreements, MOUs and other structures
- Define potential role for DCNR
- Discussions at policy level are ongoing



Regulatory Development



Environmental Regulatory Process in Pennsylvania:
depgreenport.state.pa.us/elibrary/GetDocument?docId=3222809&DocName=THE ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY PROCESS IN PENNSYLVANIA.PDF

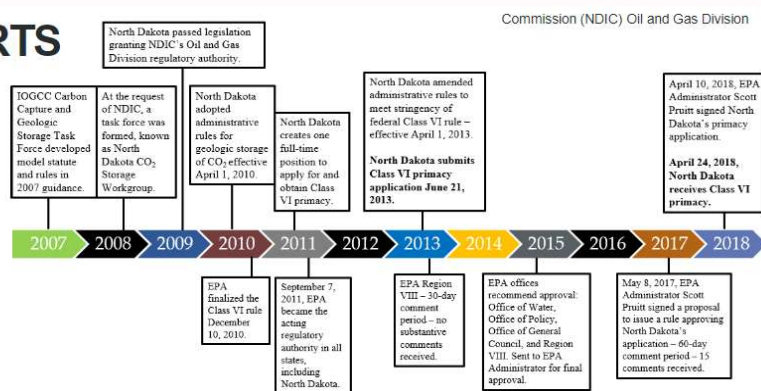


Next Steps

CLASS VI PRIMACY EFFORTS

Establishment of State Authority

- **Geologic Storage of Carbon Dioxide**
Multiyear effort to pass all-encompassing state legislation
- **Preapplication Activities**
Approximately 2 years (690 days)
 - Crosswalk stringency demonstration
 - State rulemaking 10–12 months
 - Primacy application package
- **Completeness Determination**
Approximately 2 years
- **Application Evaluation**
Approximately 2 years
- **Rulemaking and Codification**
351 days
- **State Primacy Approval**
Approximately 5 years (1768 days)



Created by the USEPA



Wyoming 2 years and 7 months (943 days)

Critical Challenges. Practical Solutions.

Geothermal Energy

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Geothermal Energy Types

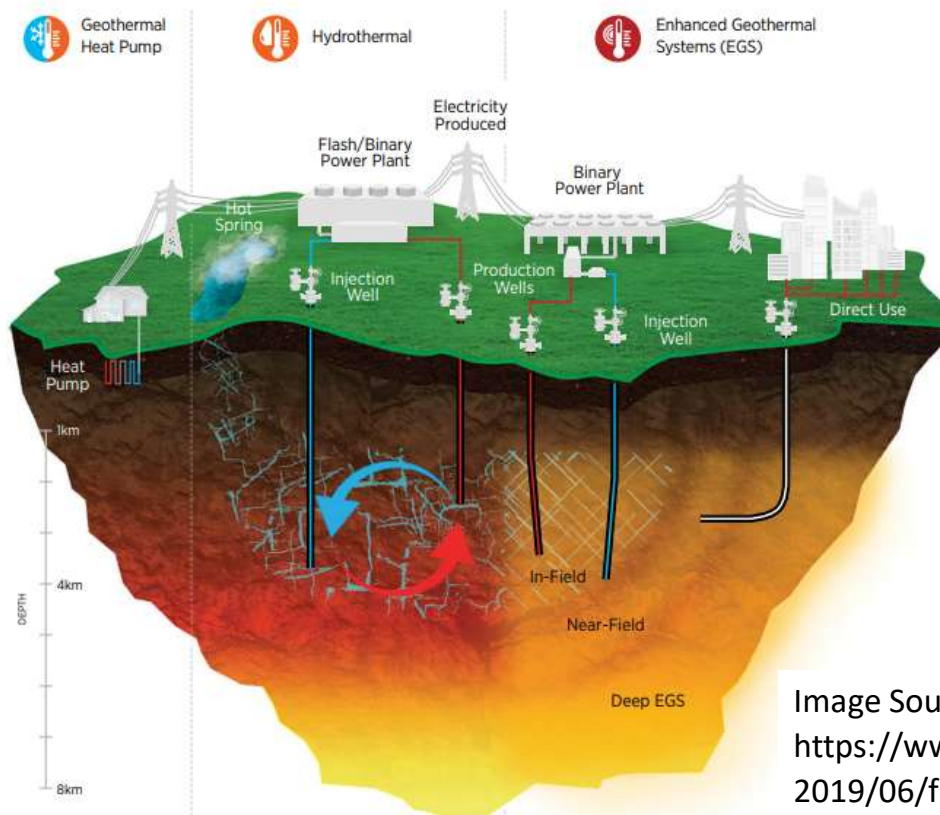


Image Source: GeoVision (2019)
<https://www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2019/06/f63/GeoVision-full-report-opt.pdf>



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Engineered Geothermal System

- Reservoir created through hydrofracture stimulation, similar to unconventional wells

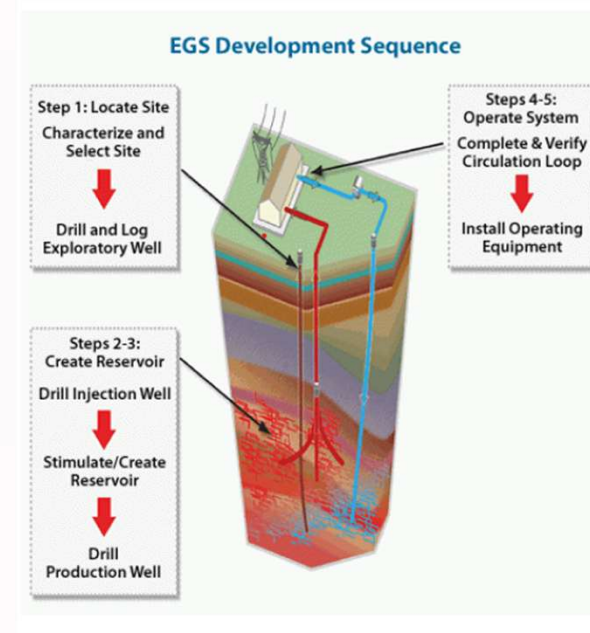


Image Source: U.S. Department of Energy (2019) Enhanced Geothermal Systems Technologies, <https://www.energy.gov/eere/geothermal/enhanced-geothermal-systems-technologies>



Geothermal in Pennsylvania

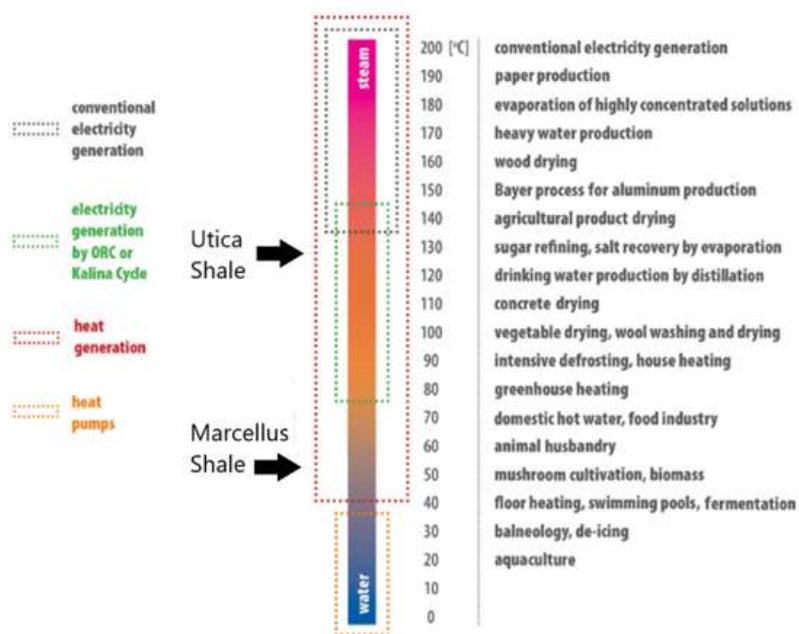


Fig. 1. Modified Lindall Diagram showing a range of well-established applications for geothermal energy at different temperatures [16] [16] T. Vrålstad, A. Sassen, E. Fjær, T. Øia, J.D. Ytrehus, M. Khalifeh, Plug & abandonment of offshore wells: ensuring long-term well integrity and costefficiency, J. Petrol. Sci. Eng. 173 (2019) 478e491, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.petrol.2018.10.049>.

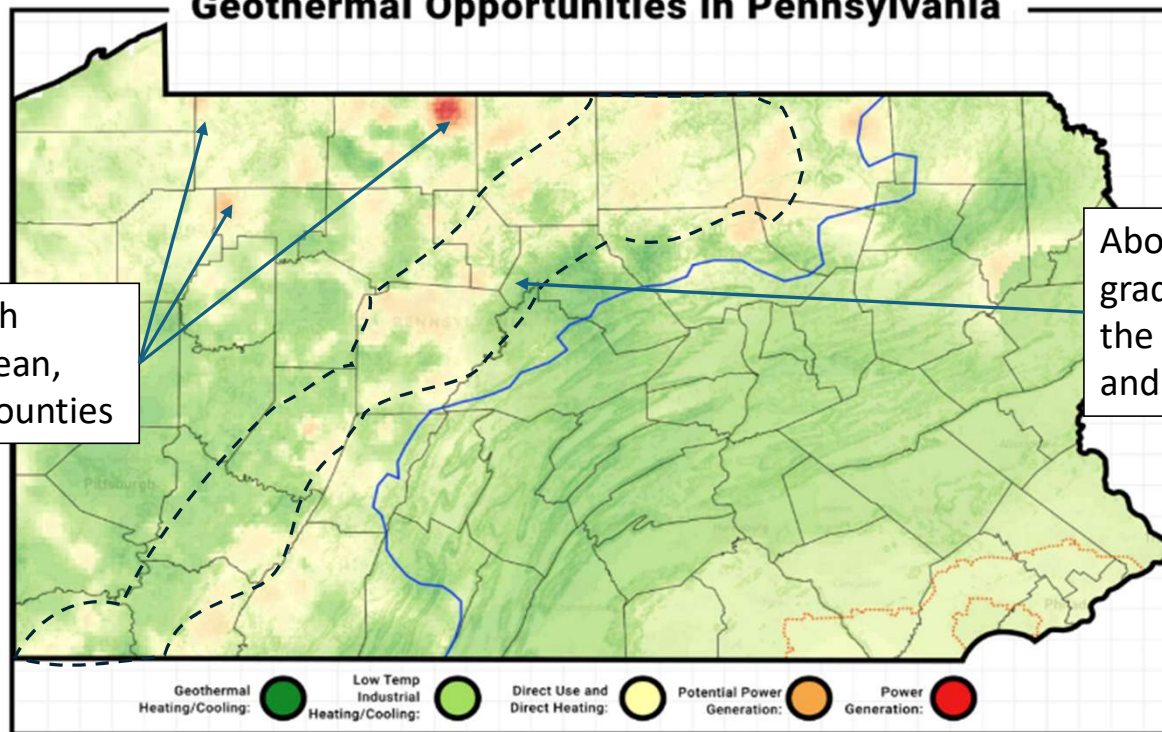
L. Santos, A. Dahi Taleghani, D. Elsworth, Repurposing abandoned wells for geothermal energy: Current status and future prospects, Renewable Energy, Volume 194, 2022, Pages 1288-1302, ISSN 0960-1481, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2022.05.138>.





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Geothermal Opportunities in Pennsylvania



Relatively shallow high temperatures in McKean, Forest, and Warren Counties

Above-average geothermal gradient ($30^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{km}$) is aligned with the Rome Trough in southwestern and central PA

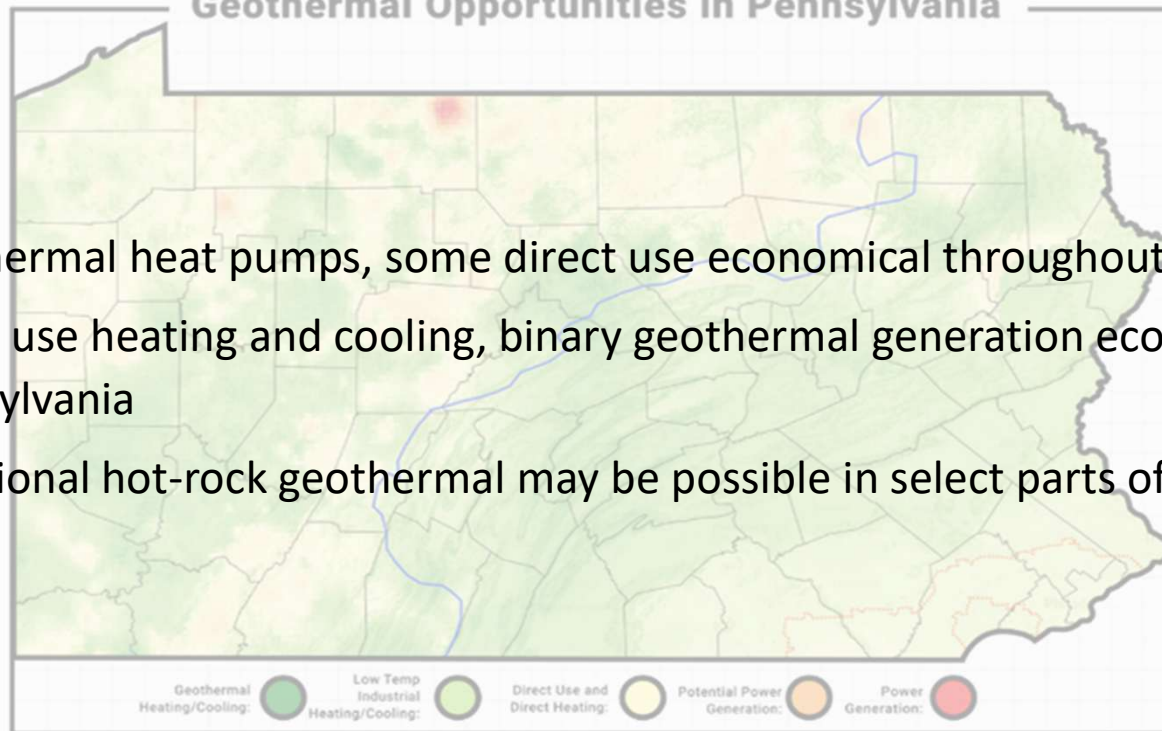


Image modified from “The Future of Geothermal in Pennsylvania”, Project Innerspace, <https://projectinnerspace.org>



Geothermal in Pennsylvania

Geothermal Opportunities in Pennsylvania



- Geothermal heat pumps, some direct use economical throughout Pennsylvania
- Direct use heating and cooling, binary geothermal generation economical in parts of Pennsylvania
- Traditional hot-rock geothermal may be possible in select parts of Pennsylvania





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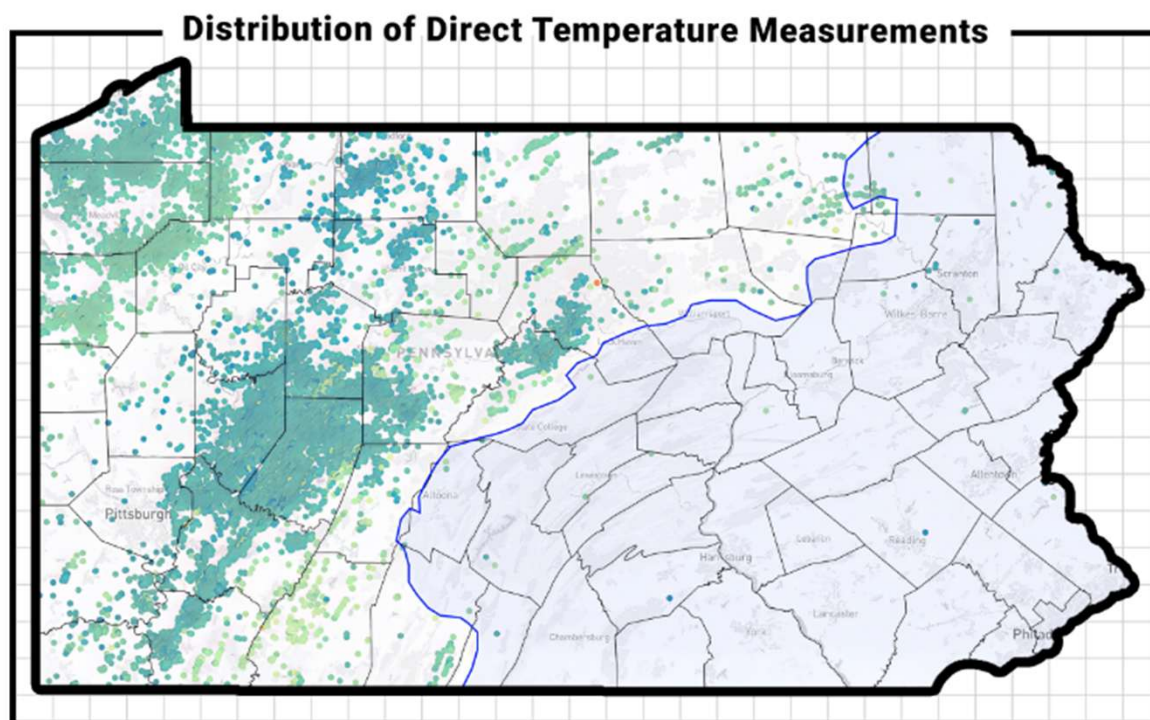
Geothermal in O&G Fields

- Existing connections to proven permeable and transmissive aquifers.
- Reservoir geology is very well defined, lower exploration costs.
- Cost savings in drilling, development, and reuse of infrastructure.
- Pennsylvania has the population density and grid availability.
- Workforce maintenance and development.



Geothermal in O&G Fields

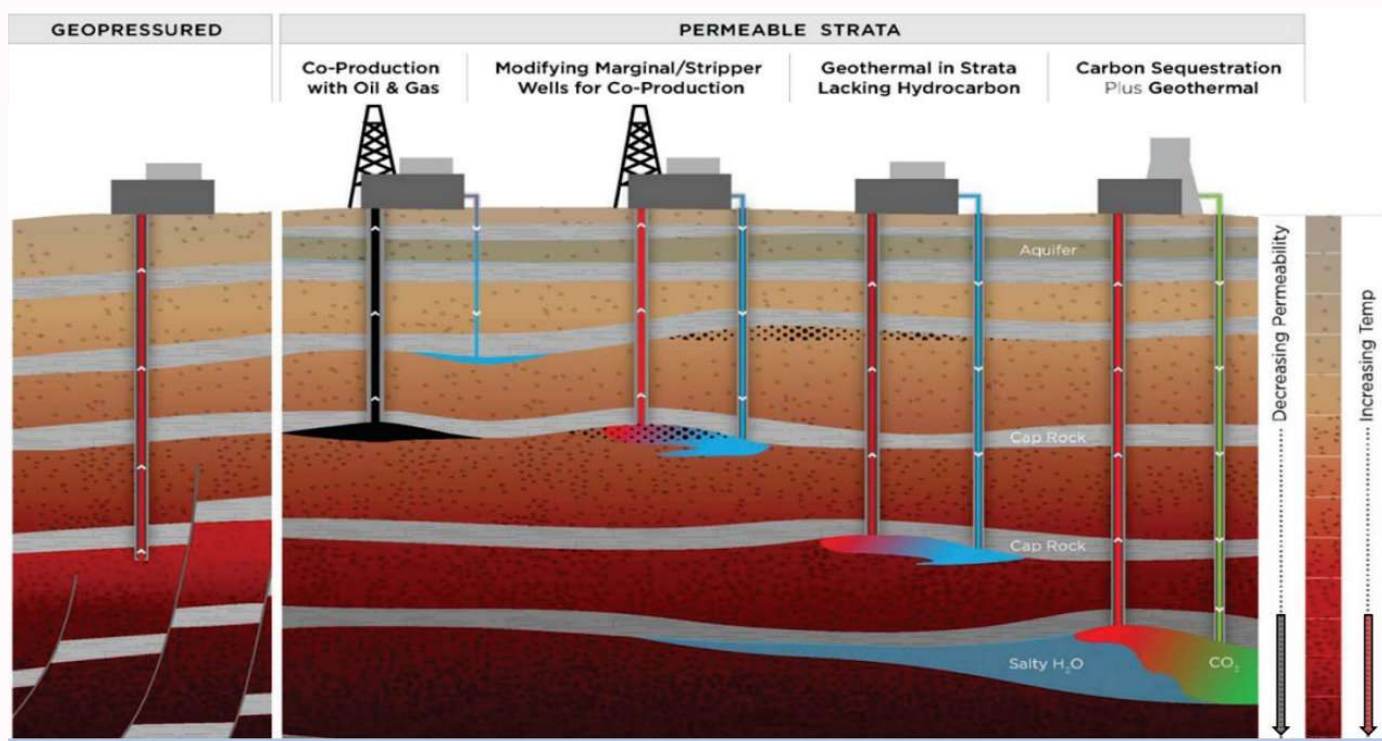
Direct measurements
from oil and gas
drilling in Western
Pennsylvania



High uncertainties in
Eastern Pennsylvania
due to sparse direct
temperature
measurements



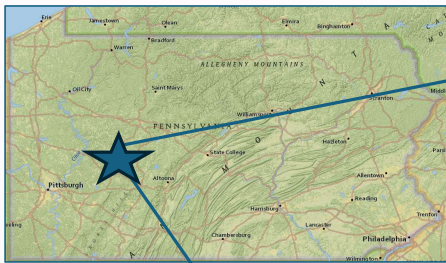
Geothermal in O&G Fields





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EGS Pilot Demonstration



Partnership with:

- CNX
- Geothermal Gradient
- Teverra
- Lehigh University
- Idaho National Lab
- Seequent



- Project Goal: Leverage the existing Marchand Utica well to demonstrate effective geothermal heat extraction and 1-3 MW power generation from a shale reservoir
- FOA#: DE-FOA-0002826: Bipartisan Infrastructure Law Enhanced Geothermal Systems (EGS) Pilot Demonstrations 

Legacy Wells

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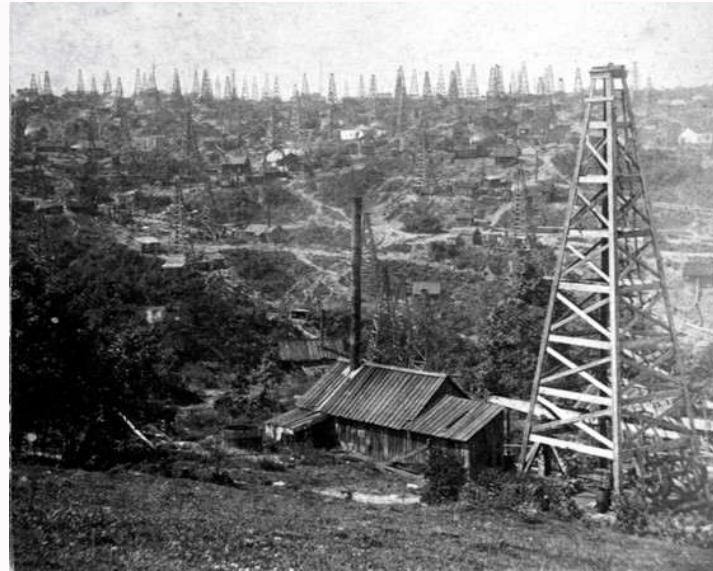
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Oil and Gas Development in PA





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Pennsylvania's Legacy

	Oil well Completions	Gas well Completion	Dry well Completions	Total
Historical Completions through 1956	172,750	11,720	31,936	216,398
PA*IRIS/WIS Completions (1957 and beyond)	38,732	63,010	12,412	114,154
Total Completions	211,482	74,730	44,348	330,560

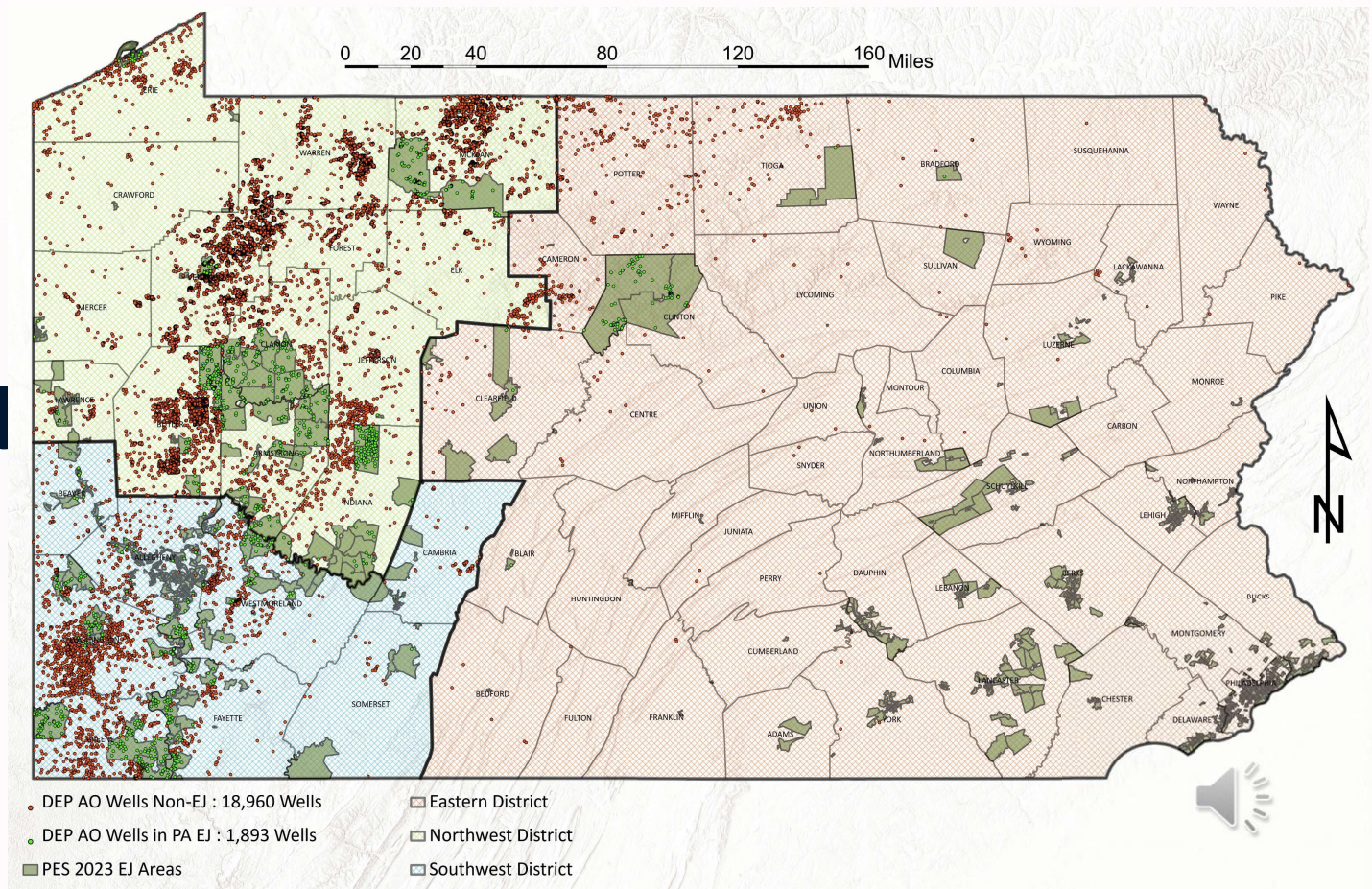
Source: Carter, Kristin, 2024, An Historical Perspective of Oil and Gas Development in PA: adapted from extended abstract based on oral presentation given at 2024 Orphan Wells Conference, Feb. 27-28, Cranberry Township, Pennsylvania: AAPG Search and Discovery Article #80748 (2024)





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Abandoned and Orphaned Wells in Pennsylvania



Historic Plugging Activity



Typically limited by funding (\$1MM/year average funding) to emergency situations





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IIJA Funding for Orphan Well Plugging

- >\$400 million is available to Pennsylvania through Initial Grant, Formula Grants and Performance Grants
- DEP has been awarded ~ \$101 million to date
 - Initial Grant - \$25 Million awarded November 2022 – 221 wells plugged @ ~\$105k/well
 - Phase 1 Formula Grant - \$76 Million awarded September 2024
- Phase 2 Formula Grant Application submitted December 2024 - \$114 Million award pending
 - Phase 3 and 4 Formula Grants - \$114 Million





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IIJA Funding for Orphan Well Plugging

- Performance Grants – Matching Grant - \$30 Million
- Regulatory Improvement Grants – 40 Million
- DEP has entered an Agreement with United States Forest Service (USFS) utilizing federal IIJA funding obtained by USFS for plugging wells on federal lands in PA – Currently \$13 Million





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IIJA Funding for Orphan Well Plugging

- Lump Sum Low Bid Contracts Bids – Existing method used for Initial Grant projects
- Request for Proposal (RFP) – Underway for Formula Grants
 - Well Plugging Services Contracts (WPSC)
 - Multi Professional Services Contracts (MPSC)
- Orphan Well Grant Plugging Program – PA Acts 96 and 136 -Effective: January 3, 2023
- Master Service Agreements – Colleges and Universities
- Cost Share Agreements – DEP Plugging contract oversight on federal lands





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Orphan Well Grants

- Orphan Well Grant Plugging Program - PA Acts 96 and 136 - Effective: January 3, 2023
- Available for wells that were abandoned before 1985 (DEP Orphaned).
- Grants up to \$40,000 for wells 3,000 feet deep or less, and
- Up to \$70,000 for wells deeper than 3,000 feet
- Applications opened on October 9, 2024, through DEP's website
 - 32 applications to date
 - 152 wells total - 29 wells with methane detected





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Related Activities



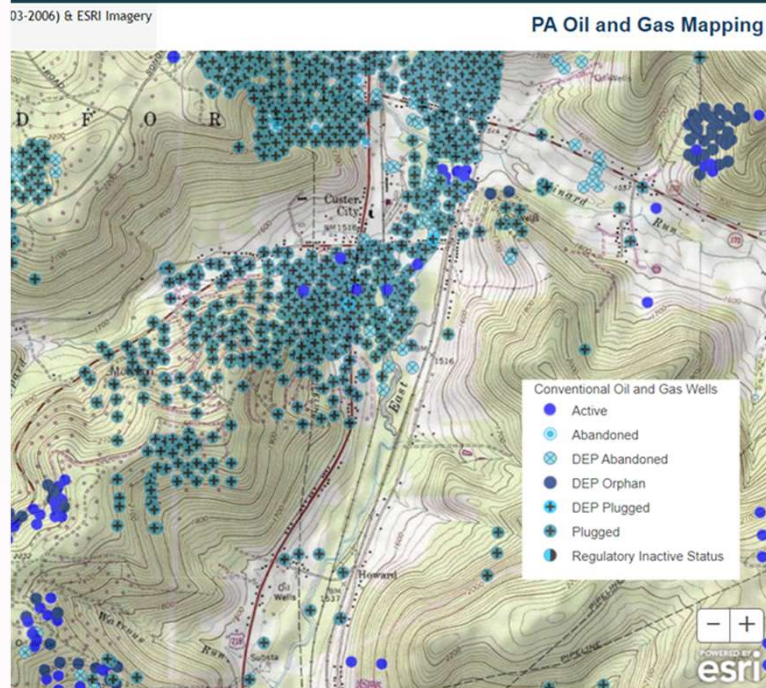
- Multi Professional Services Contract (MPSC)
 - Engineering/Permitting
 - Methane Quantification
 - Abandoned Well Health Study
 - Workforce Development





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Related Activities



Undocumented Well Location

- 300,000+ Undocumented Wells in PA
- Contractors will locate poorly and/or undocumented wells:
 - Desktop/well record review and georeferencing of poorly documented records
 - Drone/field surveys
 - Field verification
- Well prioritization by DEP staff
 - Survey 123 environmental assessments



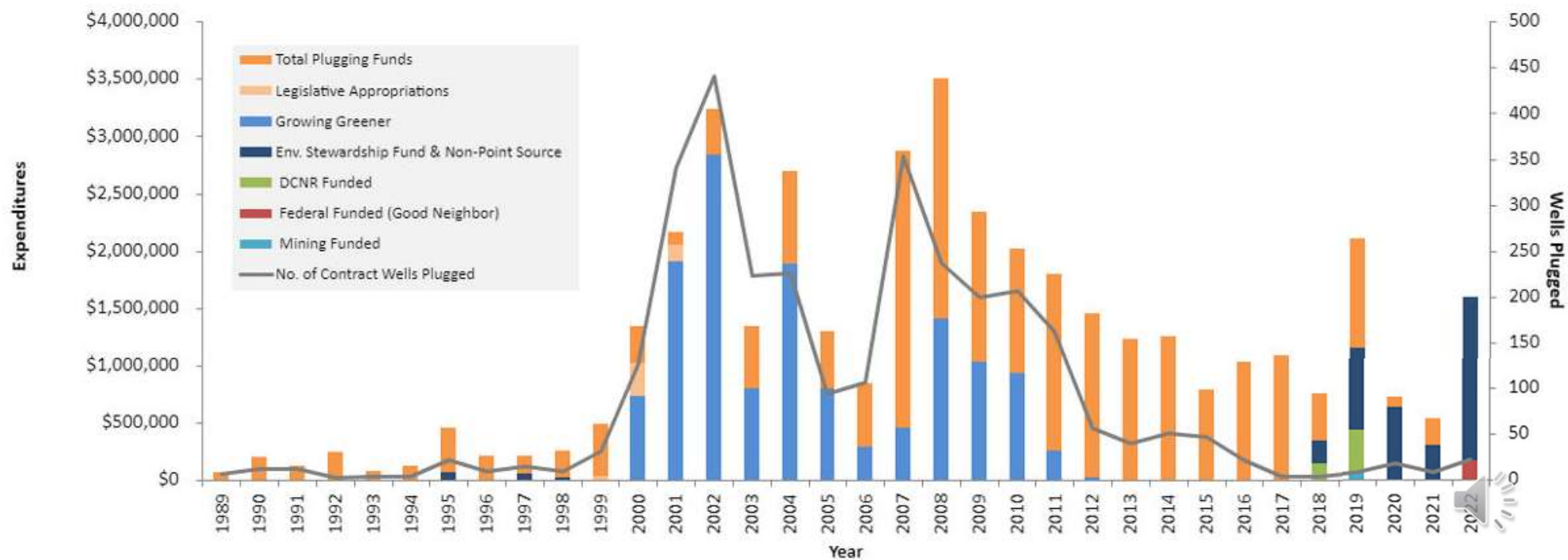
Related Activities



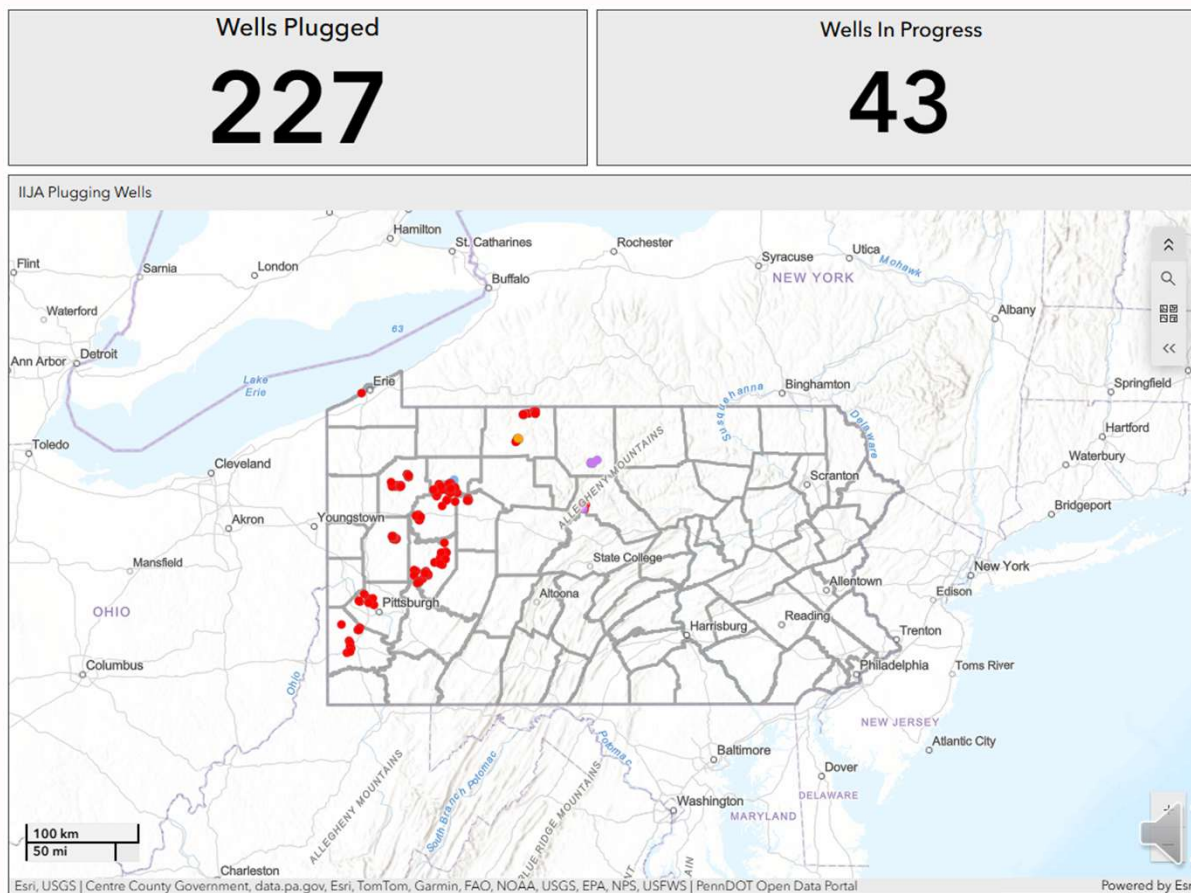
Environmental Remediation



Historic Plugging Activity



IIJA Plugging Activity



Learn more at <https://www.pa.gov/agencies/dep/programs-and-services/oil-and-gas/legacy-wells>

In Conclusion

The present...



...is the key to the past...



...but the past is the key to the future.



Get In Touch

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...

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The Department of Environmental Protection's mission is to protect Pennsylvania's air, land and water resources and to provide for the health and safety of its residents and visitors, consistent with the rights and duties established under the Environmental Rights Amendment (Article 1, Section 27 of the Pennsylvania Constitution).

